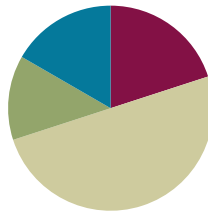


Lesson 17

Objective: Subtract from multiples of 100 and from numbers with zero in the tens place.

Suggested Lesson Structure

■ Application Problem	(8 minutes)
■ Fluency Practice	(12 minutes)
■ Concept Development	(30 minutes)
■ Student Debrief	(10 minutes)
Total Time	(60 minutes)



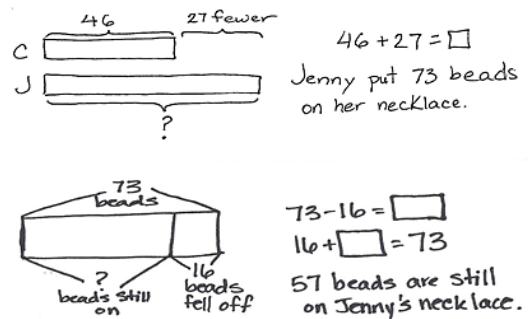
Application Problem (8 minutes)

Colleen put 27 fewer beads on her necklace than Jenny did. Colleen put on 46 beads. How many beads did Jenny put on her necklace?

If 16 beads fell off of Jenny’s necklace, how many beads are still on it?

Note: This *compare bigger unknown* problem is intended for guided practice. It is one of the four most difficult subtypes of word problems in that the word *fewer* suggests subtraction, which would be an incorrect operation.

This type of problem highlights the importance of drawing as a way to understand the relationship between numbers in the problem. The question mark indicates the unknown because students recognize that they are looking for the whole or a missing part.



Fluency Practice (12 minutes)

- Sprint: Subtract Crossing the Ten **2.OA.2, 2.NBT.5** (8 minutes)
- Using the Nearest Ten to Subtract **2.NBT.5** (2 minutes)
- Subtract Common Units **2.NBT.5, 2.NBT.7** (2 minutes)

Sprint: Subtract Crossing the Ten (8 minutes)

Materials: (S) Subtract Crossing the Ten Sprint

Note: Students practice subtracting crossing the ten to prepare for the lesson and gain mastery of the sums and differences within 20.

Using the Nearest Ten to Subtract (2 minutes)

Note: Reviewing the Grade 1 skill of counting up and down to 10 to subtract gives students a mental strategy to subtract fluently with larger numbers.

T: (Write $16 - 9$ on the board.) Raise your hand when you know the answer to $16 - 9$.

S: 7.

T: (Write in the bond.) $10 - 9$ is...?

S: 1.

T: $1 + 6$ is...?

S: 7.

$16 - 9 = \underline{\quad}$	
∧	
6	10
$10 - 9 = 1$	
$1 + 6 = \underline{\quad}$	

Continue with the following possible sequence: $13 - 8$, $14 - 9$, $15 - 7$, $16 - 7$, $13 - 9$, $12 - 7$, $22 - 7$, $25 - 7$, $25 - 8$, $26 - 8$, $27 - 8$, $27 - 18$, $37 - 8$, $37 - 18$, $35 - 18$, $45 - 18$, $47 - 19$, and $48 - 29$.

Subtract Common Units (2 minutes)

Materials: (S) Personal white board

Note: Reviewing this mental math fluency activity prepares students for understanding the importance of the subtraction algorithm and place value.

T: (Project 55.) Say the number in unit form.

S: 5 tens 5 ones.

T: (Write $55 - 22 = \underline{\quad}$.) Say the subtraction sentence, and answer in unit form.

S: 5 tens 5 ones $-$ 2 tens 2 ones $=$ 3 tens 3 ones.

T: Write the subtraction sentence on your personal white board.

Continue with the following possible sequence: $66 - 33$, $77 - 44$, $177 - 44$, $88 - 33$, and $188 - 33$.

Concept Development (30 minutes)

Materials: (S) Personal white board, math journal or paper

Note: This lesson is a continuation of Lesson 16. It extends the student learning from Module 4's Lessons 27 and 28.

Problem 1: 300 – 195

T: (Write $300 - 195$ horizontally.) Talk with your partner: What do you notice about these numbers?

S: 195 is close to 200, so it's going to be easy to solve mentally. \rightarrow If you add 5 to 195, it is 200, which makes it easy to subtract from 300. \rightarrow Yeah, making a hundred is just like making a ten.

T: Excellent reasoning! It's a good math habit to think about the numbers and how they relate to each other before you decide on a strategy.

- T: Take a moment to solve this problem using the strategy you like best. Be prepared to explain why it works.
- T: Who would like to explain their solution?
- S: I thought about this as an addition problem starting with 195. I used arrow notation and wrote $195 + 5$ is 200, and $200 + 100$ is 300, so $100 + 5$ is 105. \rightarrow I broke 300 into 100 and 200, and I subtracted 195 from 200. That left 100 and 5, which is 105. $\rightarrow 305 - 200$ is 105. I added 5 to 195 and 5 to 300. The difference stays the same, 105.
- T: So, we could solve this mentally, use a simplifying strategy, or use vertical form. True?
- S: True!
- T: Keep that in mind, even as we use models and the algorithm to solve some more problems.

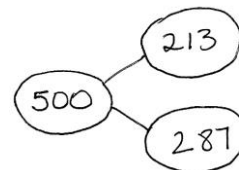
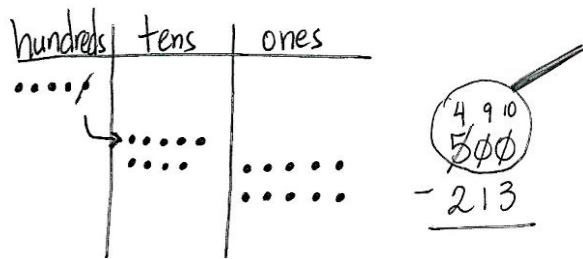
Problem 2: 500 – 213

- T: (Write $500 - 213$ horizontally.) Let's set this problem up to solve using the chip model and the algorithm.
- T: Rewrite the problem with me. (Write the problem vertically as students do the same.)
- T: Let's make a chip model to show the whole. I'll draw it on the board while you draw yours. Whisper-count as you draw your chips.
- S: (Whisper-count and draw.) 100, 200, 300, 400, 500.
- T: Now, draw the magnifying glass. (Draw a circle around 500 as students do the same.)
- T: Are we ready to subtract?
- S: No.
- T: Tell your partner what we need to do.
- S: There are no tens and no ones, so we have to open up a hundred. \rightarrow We need to rename 1 hundred as 10 tens. Then, cross out 1 ten and rename it as 10 ones. \rightarrow We need to change 1 hundred for 9 tens 10 ones.

NOTES ON MULTIPLE MEANS OF ENGAGEMENT:

Although students work extensively with the algorithm in these modules, they will not be assessed on the algorithm until Grade 4. When students build a solid conceptual understanding of subtraction at this level, fluency and accuracy with vertical form should increase greatly.

- T: Let's do that. Count aloud as you rename 1 hundred as 9 tens 10 ones. (Cross off 1 hundred, draw an arrow to the tens place, and draw 9 tens as students do the same.)
- S: (Draw and count.) 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90.
- T: Count on as you draw the ones. (Draw 10 ones as students do the same.)
- S: (Draw and count.) 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.
- T: Look at your model. What number is 9 tens?
- S: 90.
- T: And 10 ones?
- S: 10.



MP.8

T: $90 + 10 = \dots?$

S: 100.

T: So, we can rename 1 hundred as 9 tens 10 ones. True?

S: True!

T: Now, we need to show these changes using the algorithm. As I record the changes on the numbers, check your work with mine. (Cross off 5, and write 4 above the hundreds place. Cross off 0 tens, and write 9 above the tens place, then cross off 0 ones, and write 10 above the ones place.)

MP.8 T: Complete the subtraction, and then take turns sharing how your work on the chip model matches the steps in vertical form. (Allow students time to share.)

T: Read the complete number sentence.

S: $500 - 213 = 287$.

T: How can we prove that our answer is correct?

S: Add the parts to see if they equal the whole.

T: Correct! Please check your answer by drawing a chip model to add the two parts. If you are correct, write the number bond for this problem.



NOTES ON MULTIPLE MEANS OF EXPRESSION:

For students who may be impatient to use the algorithm alone, encourage them to use the models to show their thinking. Explain that, while the student may know what she is doing, others who look at her work are helped by seeing the work written out. Models are also helpful for checking work.

Circulate to check for understanding and to support students who struggle. Project student work or call students to the board to show the chip model, vertical form, and number bond. Encourage students to use place value language to explain their work.

Problem 3: $603 - 487$

Follow the above procedure to guide students as they write $603 - 487$ vertically, model it, and solve. Remind them to be precise in lining up the digits and drawing their chips in neat 5-groups. Encourage students to use place value language to explain each action that they take on their model and how it is represented using vertical form. Instruct students to check their work with addition and explain why this method works.

Repeat the process for $801 - 634$ and $900 - 576$ or move on to the Problem Set. Continue to support struggling students, but as they demonstrate proficiency, instruct them to work on the Problem Set independently.

Problem Set (10 minutes)

Students should do their personal best to complete the Problem Set within the allotted 10 minutes. For some classes, it may be appropriate to modify the assignment by specifying which problems they work on first. Some problems do not specify a method for solving. Students should solve these problems using the RDW approach used for Application Problems.

Student Debrief (10 minutes)

Lesson Objective: Subtract from multiples of 100 and from numbers with zero in the tens place.

The Student Debrief is intended to invite reflection and active processing of the total lesson experience.

Invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set. They should check work by comparing answers with a partner before going over answers as a class. Look for misconceptions or misunderstandings that can be addressed in the Student Debrief. Guide students in a conversation to debrief the Problem Set and process the lesson.

Any combination of the questions below may be used to lead the discussion.

- For Problem 1, which problems did you choose to solve mentally? Why? What made some easier than others?
- For Problem 1(b), how did you rename 400 using your chips? Show me what 400 looks like after you have renamed the units.
- Explain to your partner the steps you took to set up Problem 1(c). How was this similar to 1(b)?
- Trey solved Problem 1(d), $800 - 606$, by using place value. He started with $800 - 600 = 200$. Then, he added 6 more, since one part was 606, so the answer was 206. What was his error?
- For Problem 1(d), explain the meaning of the 9 in the tens place.

Exit Ticket (3 minutes)

After the Student Debrief, instruct students to complete the Exit Ticket. A review of their work will help with assessing students' understanding of the concepts that were presented in today's lesson and planning more effectively for future lessons. The questions may be read aloud to the students.

NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM Lesson 17 Problem Set 2•5

Name Maya Date _____

1. Solve vertically or using mental math. Draw chips on the place value chart and unbundle if needed.

a. $200 - 113 = 87$

$200 \xrightarrow{-100} 100 \xrightarrow{-10} 90 \xrightarrow{-3} 87$

hundreds	tens	ones
2	0	0
1	8	7

b. $400 - 247 = 153$

hundreds	tens	ones
4	0	0
1	5	3

c. $700 - 428 = 272$

hundreds	tens	ones
7	0	0
2	7	2

COMMON CORE Lesson 17: Subtract from multiples of 100 and from numbers with zero in the tens place. Date: 7/7/14 engage^{ny} 5.C.8

NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM Lesson 17 Problem Set 2•5

d. $800 - 606 = 194$

$800 \xrightarrow{-600} 200 \xrightarrow{-6} 194$

hundreds	tens	ones
8	0	0
1	9	4

e. $901 - 404 = 497$

hundreds	tens	ones
9	0	1
4	9	7

2. Solve $600 - 367$. Then, check your work using addition.

Solution: $600 \xrightarrow{-300} 300 \xrightarrow{-60} 240 \xrightarrow{-7} 233$

Check:

H	T	O
2	3	3
3	6	7
6	0	0

COMMON CORE Lesson 17: Subtract from multiples of 300 and from numbers with zero in the tens place. Date: 7/25/14 engage^{ny} 5.C.9

A

Number Correct: _____

Subtract Crossing the Ten

1.	$10 - 1 =$	
2.	$10 - 2 =$	
3.	$20 - 2 =$	
4.	$40 - 2 =$	
5.	$10 - 2 =$	
6.	$11 - 2 =$	
7.	$21 - 2 =$	
8.	$51 - 2 =$	
9.	$10 - 3 =$	
10.	$11 - 3 =$	
11.	$21 - 3 =$	
12.	$61 - 3 =$	
13.	$10 - 4 =$	
14.	$11 - 4 =$	
15.	$21 - 4 =$	
16.	$71 - 4 =$	
17.	$10 - 5 =$	
18.	$11 - 5 =$	
19.	$21 - 5 =$	
20.	$81 - 5 =$	
21.	$10 - 6 =$	
22.	$11 - 6 =$	

23.	$21 - 6 =$	
24.	$91 - 6 =$	
25.	$10 - 7 =$	
26.	$11 - 7 =$	
27.	$31 - 7 =$	
28.	$10 - 8 =$	
29.	$11 - 8 =$	
30.	$41 - 8 =$	
31.	$10 - 9 =$	
32.	$11 - 9 =$	
33.	$51 - 9 =$	
34.	$12 - 3 =$	
35.	$82 - 3 =$	
36.	$13 - 5 =$	
37.	$73 - 5 =$	
38.	$14 - 6 =$	
39.	$84 - 6 =$	
40.	$15 - 8 =$	
41.	$95 - 8 =$	
42.	$16 - 7 =$	
43.	$46 - 7 =$	
44.	$68 - 9 =$	

B

Number Correct: _____

Improvement: _____

Subtract Crossing the Ten

1.	$10 - 2 =$	
2.	$20 - 2 =$	
3.	$30 - 2 =$	
4.	$50 - 2 =$	
5.	$10 - 2 =$	
6.	$11 - 2 =$	
7.	$21 - 2 =$	
8.	$61 - 2 =$	
9.	$10 - 3 =$	
10.	$11 - 3 =$	
11.	$21 - 3 =$	
12.	$71 - 3 =$	
13.	$10 - 4 =$	
14.	$11 - 4 =$	
15.	$21 - 4 =$	
16.	$81 - 4 =$	
17.	$10 - 5 =$	
18.	$11 - 5 =$	
19.	$21 - 5 =$	
20.	$91 - 5 =$	
21.	$10 - 6 =$	
22.	$11 - 6 =$	

23.	$21 - 6 =$	
24.	$41 - 6 =$	
25.	$10 - 7 =$	
26.	$11 - 7 =$	
27.	$51 - 7 =$	
28.	$10 - 8 =$	
29.	$11 - 8 =$	
30.	$61 - 8 =$	
31.	$10 - 9 =$	
32.	$11 - 9 =$	
33.	$31 - 9 =$	
34.	$12 - 3 =$	
35.	$92 - 3 =$	
36.	$13 - 5 =$	
37.	$43 - 5 =$	
38.	$14 - 6 =$	
39.	$64 - 6 =$	
40.	$15 - 8 =$	
41.	$85 - 8 =$	
42.	$16 - 7 =$	
43.	$76 - 7 =$	
44.	$58 - 9 =$	

Name _____

Date _____

1. Solve vertically or using mental math. Draw chips on the place value chart and unbundle, if needed.

a. $200 - 113 =$ _____

hundreds	tens	ones

b. $400 - 247 =$ _____

hundreds	tens	ones

c. $700 - 428 =$ _____

hundreds	tens	ones

d. $800 - 606 =$ _____

hundreds	tens	ones

e. $901 - 404 =$ _____

hundreds	tens	ones

2. Solve $600 - 367$. Then, check your work using addition.

<p>Solution:</p>	<p>Check:</p>
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Name _____

Date _____

Solve vertically or using mental math. Draw chips on the place value chart and unbundle, if needed.

1. $600 - 432 =$ _____

hundreds	tens	ones

2. $303 - 254 =$ _____

hundreds	tens	ones

Name _____

Date _____

1. Solve vertically or using mental math. Draw chips on the place value chart and unbundle, if needed.

a. $200 - 123 =$ _____

hundreds	tens	ones

b. $400 - 219 =$ _____

hundreds	tens	ones

c. $700 - 542 =$ _____

hundreds	tens	ones

d. $800 - 409 =$ _____

hundreds	tens	ones

e. $905 - 606 =$ _____

hundreds	tens	ones

2. Solve $800 - 567$. Then, check your work using addition.

<p>Solution:</p>	<p>Check:</p>
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